

#1 $f(x) = (x^2 + 3x + 1)^{-5/2}$

$$f'(x) = -5/2 (x^2 + 3x + 1)^{-7/2} (2x + 3)$$

#2 $f(x) = (x + x^{-1}) \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$
 $= (x + x^{-1}) (x^2 + 1)^{1/2}$

$$f'(x) = (x + x^{-1}) [(x^2 + 1)^{1/2}]' + (x^2 + 1)^{1/2} (x + x^{-1})'$$

$$= (x + x^{-1})^{1/2} (x^2 + 1)^{-1/2} 2x + (x^2 + 1)^{1/2} (1 - x^{-2})$$

#3 $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x^2) + 1}} = (\cos(x^2) + 1)^{-1/2}$

$$f'(x) = -1/2 (\cos(x^2) + 1)^{-3/2} (-\sin(x^2)) 2x$$

#4 $f(x) = \tan(\sin x \cos x)$

$$f'(x) = \sec^2(\sin x \cos x) (\sin x (-\cos x) + \cos x \cos x)$$

$$\#5 \quad (x+2)^2 - 6(2y+3)^2 = 3$$

$$2(x+2)(1) - 12(2y+3)2y' = 0$$

$$2x+4 - 48yy' - 72y' = 0$$

$$2x+4 - (48y+72)y' = 0$$

$$(48y+72)y' = 2x+4$$

$$y' = \frac{2x+4}{48y+72}$$

$$\text{at } (1, 0)$$

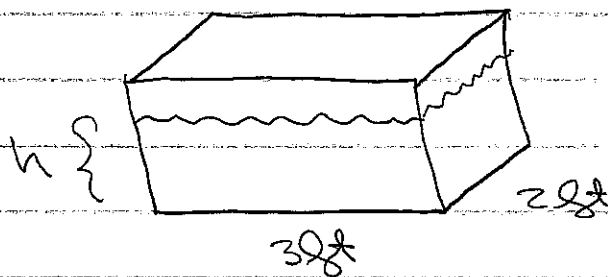
$$y' = \frac{2+4}{-48+72} = \frac{6}{24}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}$$

$$y+1 = \frac{1}{4}(x-0)$$

#6

$$\downarrow +3 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}$$



$$V_{\text{water}} = 2 \text{ ft} \times 3 \text{ ft} \times h = 6 \text{ ft}^2 h$$

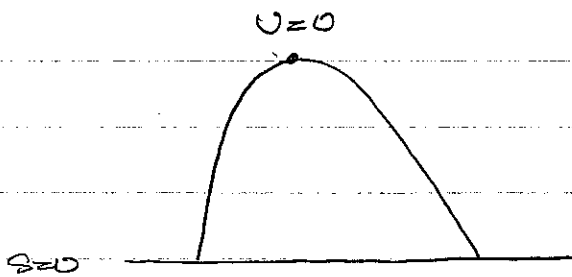
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 6 \text{ ft}^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$3 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} = 6 \text{ ft}^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

h increases at the rate
of $\frac{1}{2}$ ft/min

#7



$$s = 80t - 16t^2$$

Maximieren height

$$v = 80 - 32t$$

wenn $v=0$

$$0 = 80 - 32t$$

$$t = \frac{80}{32} = \frac{5}{2} \text{ s.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} s\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) &= 80\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) - 16\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 \\ &= 200 - 100 \\ &= 100 \text{ ft.} \end{aligned}$$

#8

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} = (x^2+1)^{-1/2}$$

$$f'(x) = -(x^2+1)^{-3/2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= -(x^2+1)^{-3/2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} x^{-3/2}\right) + \\ &\quad -\frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} (-2)(x^2+1)^{-3/2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} \end{aligned}$$