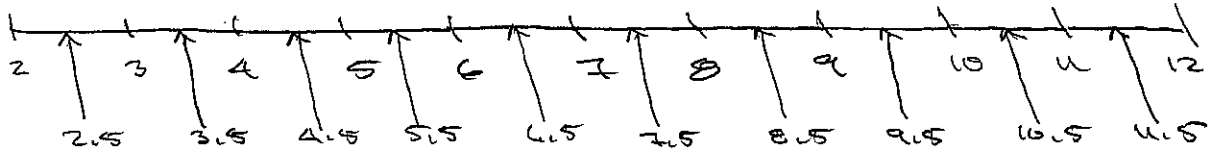


#1  $\Delta x = \frac{12-2}{10} = 1$



area  $\approx 1 * [f(2.5) + f(3.5) + f(4.5) + f(5.5) + f(6.5) + f(7.5) + f(8.5) + f(9.5) + f(10.5) + f(11.5)]$

#2  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{\pi}{4n} * \tan(k * \frac{\pi}{4n})$

$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\pi}{4n} * [\tan(\frac{\pi}{4n}) + \tan(2 * \frac{\pi}{4n}) + \tan(3 * \frac{\pi}{4n}) + \dots + \tan(n * \frac{\pi}{4n})]$

$\Delta x = \frac{\pi/4}{n}$  (labeled as  $\frac{\pi}{4n}$ )

start  $\frac{\pi}{4n}$  (labeled as  $\frac{\pi}{4n}$ )

stop  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  (labeled as  $\frac{\pi}{4}$ )

function  $\tan(x)$



$\int_0^{\pi/4} \tan x dx$

$$\#3 \int_0^{\pi} (4 \cos \theta - 3 \sin \theta) d\theta$$

$$= (-4 \sin \theta - 3 \cos \theta) \Big|_0^{\pi}$$

$$= (-4 \sin \pi - 3 \cos \pi) - (-4 \sin 0 - 3 \cos 0)$$

$$= 4 + 4 = 8$$

$$\#4 \int_1^2 \frac{x + 5x^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \int_1^2 (x^{-2} + 5x^{-1}) dx$$

$$= \left( \frac{x^{-1}}{-1} + \frac{5x^0}{0} \right) \Big|_1^2$$

$$= \left( -\frac{1}{x} + x^0 \right) \Big|_1^2$$

$$= \left( -\frac{1}{2} + 32 \right) - (-1 + 1)$$

$$= 63\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\#5 \quad \int_1^8 \frac{x-1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int_1^8 \frac{x-1}{x^{2/3}} dx$$

$$= \int_1^8 (x^{1/3} - x^{-2/3}) dx$$

$$= \left( \frac{3}{4} x^{4/3} - 3 x^{1/3} \right) \Big|_1^8$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3}{4} (8)^{4/3} - 3(8)^{1/3} \right] - \left[ \frac{3}{4} (1)^{4/3} - 3(1)^{1/3} \right]$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3}{4} * 16 - 3 * 2 \right] - \left[ \frac{3}{4} - 3 \right]$$

$$= 12 - 6 - \frac{3}{4} + 3$$

$$= \frac{33}{4}$$

$$\#6 \quad \frac{d}{dx} g(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \int_{1-3x}^1 \frac{t^3}{1+t^2} dt$$

$$\text{Let } u = 1-3x$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \int_u^1 \frac{t^3}{1+t^2} dx = - \frac{d}{dx} \int_1^u \frac{t^3}{1+t^2} dt$$

$$= - \frac{d}{du} \int_1^u \frac{t^3}{1+t^2} dt * \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= - \frac{u^3}{1+u^2} * (-3) = \frac{3(1-3x)^3}{1+(1-3x)^2}$$

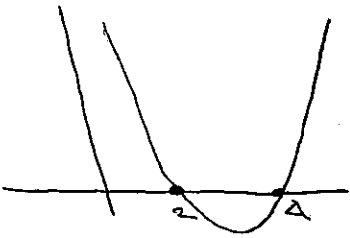
#7a

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^6 (t^2 - 6t + 8) dt \\ &= \left( \frac{t^3}{3} - 3t^2 + 8t \right) \Big|_0^6 \\ &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

#7b

$$\int_0^6 |t^2 - 6t + 8| dt$$

$$t^2 - 6t + 8$$



$$= \int_0^2 (t^2 - 6t + 8) dt$$

$$+ \int_2^4 -(t^2 - 6t + 8) dt$$

$$+ \int_4^6 (t^2 - 6t + 8) dt$$

$$= \left( \frac{t^3}{3} - 3t^2 + 8t \right) \Big|_0^2$$

$$= \left( \frac{t^3}{3} - 3t^2 + 8t \right) \Big|_2^4$$

$$+ \left( \frac{t^3}{3} - 3t^2 + 8t \right) \Big|_4^6$$